# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

# SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5740

Chapter 366, Laws of 1997

(partial veto)

55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

# ASSISTANCE FOR RURAL DISTRESSED AREAS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/27/97

Passed by the Senate April 27, 1997 YEAS 48 NAYS 0

### BRAD OWEN

#### President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 26, 1997 YEAS 98 NAYS 0

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Mike O Connell, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5740** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

#### CLYDE BALLARD

# Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved May 15, 1997, with the exception of sections 4, 7, and 8, which are vetoed.

#### MIKE O'CONNELL

Secretary

FILED

May 15, 1997 - 9:30 a.m.

GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington \_\_\_\_\_

#### SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5740

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1997 Regular Session

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Schow, Snyder, Morton, Hale, Prentice, Heavey, West, McDonald, Swanson, Spanel and Rasmussen)

Read first time 03/10/97.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the rural area marketing plan; amending RCW
- 2 82.62.010 and 82.62.030; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW;
- 3 adding a new section to chapter 43.63A RCW; creating new sections; and
- 4 repealing RCW 82.62.040.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 PART I
- 7 LEGISLATIVE INTENT
- 8 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE RECOGNITION AND INTENT. The
- 9 legislature recognizes the economic hardship that rural distressed
- 10 areas throughout the state have undergone in recent years. Numerous
- 11 rural distressed areas across the state have encountered serious
- 12 economic downturns resulting in significant job loss and business
- 13 failure. In 1991 the legislature enacted two major pieces of
- 14 legislation to promote economic development and job creation, with
- 15 particular emphasis on worker training, income, and emergency services
- 16 support, along with community revitalization through planning services
- 17 and infrastructure assistance. However even though these programs have
- 18 been of assistance, rural distressed areas still face serious economic

- 1 problems including: Above-average unemployment rates from job losses
- 2 and below-average employment growth; low rate of business start-ups;
- 3 and persistent erosion of vitally important resource-driven industries.
- 4 The legislature also recognizes that rural distressed areas in
- 5 Washington have an abiding ability and consistent will to overcome
- 6 these economic obstacles by building upon their historic foundations of
- 7 business enterprise, local leadership, and outstanding work ethic.
- 8 The legislature intends to assist rural distressed areas in their
- 9 ongoing efforts to address these difficult economic problems by
- 10 providing a comprehensive and significant array of economic tools,
- 11 necessary to harness the persistent and undaunted spirit of enterprise
- 12 that resides in the citizens of rural distressed areas throughout the
- 13 state.
- 14 The further intent of this act is to provide:
- 15 (1) A strategically designed plan of assistance, emphasizing state,
- 16 local, and private sector leadership and partnership;
- 17 (2) A comprehensive and significant array of business assistance,
- 18 services, and tax incentives that are accountable and performance
- 19 driven;
- 20 (3) An array of community assistance including infrastructure
- 21 development and business retention, attraction, and expansion programs
- 22 that will provide a competitive advantage to rural distressed areas
- 23 throughout Washington; and
- 24 (4) Regulatory relief to reduce and streamline zoning, permitting,
- 25 and regulatory requirements in order to enhance the capability of
- 26 businesses to grow and prosper in rural distressed areas.
- 27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** GOALS. The primary goals of chapter . . .,
- 28 Laws of 1997 (this act) are to:
- 29 (1) Promote the ongoing operation of business in rural distressed
- 30 areas;
- 31 (2) Promote the expansion of existing businesses in rural
- 32 distressed areas;
- 33 (3) Attract new businesses to rural distressed areas;
- 34 (4) Assist in the development of new businesses from within rural
- 35 distressed areas;
- 36 (5) Provide family wage jobs to the citizens of rural distressed
- 37 areas; and

1 (6) Promote the development of communities of excellence in rural 2 distressed areas.

3 PART II

4 TAX INCENTIVES

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW 6 to read as follows:

- 7 (1) The legislative authority of a distressed county may impose a 8 sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. 9 tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under 10 chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event 11 within the county. The rate of tax shall not exceed 0.04 percent of 12 13 the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax. 14
- 15 (2) The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section shall be 16 deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or 17 paid over to the department of revenue under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 18 RCW. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such 19 taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county.
- 20 (3) Moneys collected under this section shall only be used for the 21 purpose of financing public facilities in rural counties.
- 22 (4) No tax may be collected under this section before July 1, 1998.
- 23 No tax may be collected under this section by a county more than 24 twenty-five years after the date that a tax is first imposed under this
- 25 section.
- (5) For purposes of this section, "distressed county" means a county in which the average level of unemployment for the three years before the year in which a tax is first imposed under this section exceeds the average state employment for those years by twenty percent.
- 30 \*Sec. 4. RCW 82.62.010 and 1996 c 290 s 5 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- 32 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 33 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- (1) "Applicant" means a person applying for a tax credit under this chapter.
- 36 (2) "Department" means the department of revenue.

- (3) "Eligible area" means: (a) A county in which the average level 1 of unemployment for the three years before the year in which an 2 3 application is filed under this chapter exceeds the average state 4 unemployment for those years by twenty percent; (b) a county that has 5 a median household income that is less than seventy-five percent of the state median household income for the previous three years; (c) a 6 7 metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the office of federal 8 statistical policy and standards, United States department of commerce, 9 in which the average level of unemployment for the calendar year 10 immediately preceding the year in which an application is filed under 11 this chapter exceeds the average state unemployment for such calendar 12 year by twenty percent; (d) a designated community empowerment zone 13 approved under RCW 43.63A.700; or (e) subcounty areas in those counties that are not covered under (a) of this subsection that are timber 14 impact areas as defined in RCW 43.31.601. 15
  - (4)(a) "Eligible business project" means manufacturing or research and development activities which are conducted by an applicant in an eligible area at a specific facility, provided the applicant's average full-time qualified employment positions at the specific facility will be ((at least fifteen percent)) greater in the year for which the credit is being sought than the applicant's average full-time qualified employment positions at the same facility in the immediately preceding year.
  - (b) "Eligible business project" does not include any portion of a business project undertaken by a light and power business as defined in RCW 82.16.010(5) or that portion of a business project creating qualified full-time employment positions outside an eligible area or those recipients of a sales tax deferral under chapter 82.61 RCW.
- 29 (5) "Manufacturing" means all activities of a commercial 30 industrial nature wherein labor or skill is applied, by hand or 31 machinery, to materials so that as a result thereof a new, different, or useful substance or article of tangible personal property is 32 produced for sale or commercial or industrial use and shall include the 33 production or fabrication of specially made or custom made articles. 34 35 "Manufacturing" also includes computer programming, the production of computer software, and other computer-related services, and the 36 37 activities performed by research and development laboratories and commercial testing laboratories. 38
  - (6) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030.

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- 1 (7) "Qualified employment position" means a permanent full-time 2 employee employed in the eligible business project during the entire 3 tax year.
  - (8) "Tax year" means the calendar year in which taxes are due.
- 5 (9) "Recipient" means a person receiving tax credits under this 6 chapter.
  - (10) "Research and development" means the development, refinement, testing, marketing, and commercialization of a product, service, or process before commercial sales have begun. As used in this subsection, "commercial sales" excludes sales of prototypes or sales for market testing if the total gross receipts from such sales of the product, service, or process do not exceed one million dollars.
- 13 \*Sec. 4 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

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- 14 **Sec. 5.** RCW 82.62.030 and 1996 c 1 s 3 are each amended to read as 15 follows:
- 16 (1) A person shall be allowed a credit against the tax due under 17 chapter 82.04 RCW as provided in this section. For an application approved before January 1, 1996, the credit shall equal one thousand 18 19 dollars for each qualified employment position directly created in an 20 eligible business project. For an application approved on or after January 1, 1996, the credit shall equal two thousand dollars for each 21 22 qualified employment position directly created in an eligible business 23 project. For an application approved on or after July 1, 1997, the 24 credit shall equal four thousand dollars for each qualified employment 25 position with wages and benefits greater than forty thousand dollars annually that is directly created in an eligible business. For an 26 application approved on or after July 1, 1997, the credit shall equal 27 two thousand dollars for each qualified employment position with wages 28 and benefits less than or equal to forty thousand dollars annually that 29 30 is directly created in an eligible business.
  - (2) The department shall keep a running total of all credits granted under this chapter during each fiscal ((biennium)) year. The department shall not allow any credits which would cause the tabulation ((for a biennium)) to exceed ((fifteen)) five million five hundred thousand dollars in fiscal year 1998 or 1999 or seven million five hundred thousand dollars in any fiscal year thereafter. If all or part of an application for credit is disallowed under this subsection, the disallowed portion shall be carried over for approval the next

- 1 ((biennium)) fiscal year. However, the applicant's carryover into the
- 2 next ((biennium)) fiscal year is only permitted if the tabulation for
- 3 the next ((biennium)) <u>fiscal year</u> does not exceed ((<del>fifteen million</del>
- 4  $\frac{\text{dollars}}{\text{dollars}}$ )) the cap for that fiscal year as of the date on which the
- 5 department has disallowed the application.
- 6 (3) ((No recipient is eligible for tax credits in excess of three hundred thousand dollars.
- 8 (4)) No recipient may use the tax credits to decertify a union or 9 to displace existing jobs in any community in the state.
- 10 (((5))) (4) No recipient may receive a tax credit on taxes which 11 have not been paid during the taxable year.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** RCW 82.62.040 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 411,
- 13 1988 c 41 s 4, & 1986 c 116 s 22 are each repealed.
- 14 PART III

## 15 BUSINESS ASSISTANCE

- 16 \*NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. BUSINESS ASSISTANCE AND RECRUITMENT FOR 17 RURAL DISTRESSED AREAS. The department of community, trade, and economic development is directed to emphasize business assistance and 18 19 recruitment for rural distressed areas within its trade and economic sectors, and local development assistance. 20 The primary goal of the 21 rural initiative is to coordinate and administer a comprehensive and 22 effective set of business assistance programs and services including:
  - (1) Business recruitment. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall: Provide a comprehensive and aggressive program to attract viable businesses to rural distressed areas; work with local communities to identify select industry sectors that have a competitive advantage in specific rural distressed areas; collaborate with state and local officials to modify their infrastructure plans and priorities to facilitate business growth; and assist rural distressed areas in developing strategic business recruitment plans.
  - (2) Business permitting and zoning one-stop shop. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall: Provide a streamlined and customer driven siting service to businesses in order to promote their attraction and expansion in rural distressed areas; provide preliminary permit application and zoning information and

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services for businesses in order to attract firms and facilitate business growth in rural distressed areas.

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- (3) Business regulatory assistance and ombudsman services. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall: Provide comprehensive business regulatory services to assist businesses in addressing and responding to local, state, and federal regulations; and provide recommendations on streamlining and modifying government regulations.
- (a) The department of community, trade, and economic development is authorized to review state zoning, permitting, or regulatory requirements that pose difficulty for businesses wishing or likely to site in a rural enterprise area. In situations where the department of community, trade, and economic development considers the zoning, permitting, or regulatory requirements placed on a business in a rural enterprise area unfairly burdensome the director may petition the regulatory agency or agencies for regulatory relief. In addition the director may petition the agency or agencies for relief under the regulatory fairness act, chapter 19.85 RCW.
- (b) In situations where a business or entity in a rural enterprise area is encountering regulatory oversight from more than one state agency and is experiencing conflicting direction or confusing process, the business or entity may petition the director to intercede. The director upon review of the circumstances involved is authorized to designate a lead agency to collaborate with other state agencies in order to streamline and reduce the regulatory difficulties.
- (c) Businesses or entities in a rural enterprise zone may petition the director for an accelerated zoning, permitting, or regulatory process. The director upon reviewing the petition and the circumstances involved may make a finding of regulatory unfairness and may direct the state agency or agencies to process the business or entities application in an expeditious manner with a maximum timeline of six months from the director's receipt of the petition.
- 33 The director shall establish a pilot process in cooperation with 34 other state agencies to implement this subsection (3) during 1997 and 35 1998 and report annually to the legislature on the impact of the 36 program.
- 37 (4) "Brown Fields" Program. The department of community, trade, 38 and economic development shall develop with the department of ecology 39 and recommend to the legislature a streamlined and cost-effective

- process to redevelop hazardous industrial sites in order to promote 1 2 business growth in rural distressed areas.
- (5) Rural enterprise zone development and foreign trade zone. The 3 4 department of community, trade, and economic development is authorized 5 to provide technical assistance to local governments in rural distressed areas to establish rural enterprise zones and foreign trade 6 7 The department of community, trade, and economic development 8 shall target rural enterprise zones and foreign trade zones in the 9 delivery of its services in order to maximize the impact of its 10 economic development assistance to businesses and rural distressed 11 areas.
- 12 \*Sec. 7 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- 13 \*NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. RURAL INITIATIVE ADMINISTRATION. The rural 14 initiative shall be administered by a director appointed by the 15 director of community, trade, and economic development, in consultation with the rural distressed areas economic recovery coordination board. 16 17 The rural initiative director shall coordinate activities with the rural community assistance team and report on the activities and 18 19 performance of the rural initiative to the legislature on a quarterly 20 basis.
- 21 \*Sec. 8 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- 22 PART IV
- 23 RURAL ENTERPRISE ZONES
- 24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 43.63A RCW 25 to read as follows:
- RURAL ENTERPRISE ZONES. The legislature recognizes the unique 26 difficulties encountered by communities in rural distressed areas 27 to promote business development, increase 28 29 opportunities, and provide a high quality of life for its citizens. In response the legislature authorizes the establishment of rural 30 31 enterprise zones that will allow the targeting of state services and resources in the form of business, industry recruitment, regulatory 32 relief, and infrastructure development. It is the intent of the 33 legislature to provide the critical level of resources and services to
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- businesses and entities located in these rural enterprise zones that 35
- 36 they will be the catalyst for economic prosperity and diversity
- throughout rural distressed areas in Washington. 37

- 1 (1) The department in cooperation with the department of revenue 2 and other state agencies shall approve applications submitted by local 3 governments in rural distressed areas. The application shall be in the 4 form and manner and contain the necessary information designated by the 5 department. The application shall:
- 6 (a) Be submitted on behalf of the local government by the chief 7 elected official or, if none, by the governing body of the local 8 government;
- 9 (b) Outline the purpose for the economic development enterprise 10 zone and the process in which the application was developed;
- 11 (c) Demonstrate the level of government and community support for 12 the enterprise zone;
- (d) Outline the manner in which the enterprise zone will be governed and report its activities to the local government and the department; and
- 16 (e) Designate the geographic area in which the rural enterprise 17 zone will exist.
- 18 (2) Rural enterprise zones are authorized to:
- 19 (a) Hire a director or designate an individual to oversee 20 operations;
- (b) Seek federal, state, and local government support in its efforts to target, develop, and attract viable businesses;
- (c) Work with the office of business assistance and recruitment for rural distressed areas in the pursuit of its economic development activities;
- 26 (d) Provide a local one-stop shop for businesses intending to 27 locate, retain, expand, or start their businesses within its zone; and
- 28 (e) Provide comprehensive permitting, zoning, and regulatory 29 assistance to businesses or entities within the zone.
- 30 (3) Rural enterprise zones are authorized to receive the services 31 and funding resources as provided under the rural area marketing plan 32 and other resources assisting rural distressed areas.
- 33 (4) Rural enterprise zones may be established in conjunction with 34 a foreign trade zone.

35 PART V
36 EVALUATION

- 1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. REVIEW AND EVALUATION. The joint
- 2 legislative audit and review committee shall design an evaluation
- 3 mechanism for economically distressed counties under this act and
- 4 undertake an evaluation of the act's effectiveness by November 1, 1999.
- 5 The agencies implementing the programs under this act shall assist the
- 6 joint legislative audit and review committee evaluation.

7 PART VI

8 MISCELLANEOUS

- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** If any provision of this act or its
- 10 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 11 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 12 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Section captions and part headings used in
- 14 this act are not any part of the law.

Passed the Senate April 27, 1997.

Passed the House April 26, 1997.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 1997, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 15, 1997.

- 1 Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:
- "I am returning herewith, without my approval as to sections 4, 7 and 8, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740 entitled:
- 4 "AN ACT Relating to the rural area marketing plan;"
- I strongly support of the goal of increasing employment in distressed areas of our state. However, I am not convinced that the
- 7 mechanisms provided in sections 4, 7 and 8 are the best ways to achieve
- 8 that goal.
- 9 Section 4 of the bill would delete the fifteen percent increase in average employment threshold required to qualify for the distressed
- 11 areas B&O tax credit. As written in section 4, each additional
- 12 position added by an employer would qualify for the tax credit. While
- 13 each new job in a distressed area has value, many businesses would reap
- 14 a windfall from this provision when they add employees that they would
- 15 have added without the tax incentive. Some threshold that limits the
- 16 tax benefit to significant expansions is necessary to make this kind of
- 17 exemption fair.
- 18 Section 7 of the bill would give the director of the Department of
- 19 Community, Trade, and Economic Development the authority to intervene
- 20 in the day-to-day business of other state agencies. As a practical
- 21 matter this approach would inevitably lead to conflict and confusion.
- 22 A successful regulatory reform effort targeted in distressed areas of

the state will require a more thoughtful and coordinated approach. My administration is committed to this type of reform and will work with the businesses of our state to improve this process.

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6 7 Section 8 of the bill would require the creation of another state management position to oversee the implementation of this act. I have vetoed this section because I believe the Coordinator of the Governor's Rural Community Assistance Team should be the focal point for economic development initiatives in rural areas of the state. Section 8 would only serve to increase bureaucracy and reduce accountability.

For these reasons, I have vetoed sections 4, 7 and 8 of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740.

With the exception of sections 4, 7 and 8, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740 is approved."